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Article For Reading:

WHO is right: On the U.S. Leaving the World Health Organization

President Donald Trump's decision to withdraw the United States from the World Health Organization (WHO), based on charges of bias, is stunningly short sighted, and deeply concerning to the global health community. Pundits are predicting that this move, if not withdrawn, or reconsidered, may well **unleash** the **butterfly effect** — a **cascading** set of unpredictable consequences arising from even the smallest of changes in a system. Soon after his inauguration, Mr. Trump wasted no time in announcing the beginning of the process of ending the U.S.'s membership of WHO. In language that **smacked of petulance**, Mr. Trump, as he signed his first batch of executive orders, declared: "The World Health [Organization] **ripped us off**." The U.S. will now leave the United Nations health agency in 12 months' time and stop all financial contributions to its work. He accused the organisation of mishandling the COVID-19 pandemic, and of being **partisan** towards China, though the U.S. contributed more to its **coffers**. The move has not been entirely unexpected: during his previous term as U.S. President, he **relentlessly** criticized WHO for acting slow and being "owned and controlled by China"; in 2020 he initiated a move to **halt** funding to WHO, though it was **scuppered** as his term came to an **end**.

Why is the withdrawal of the U.S. Significant? For starters, Mr. Trump is right — the U.S., which is a founding member of WHO, is also its biggest financial backer, contributing around 18% of its overall funding. Withdrawal of these funds will seriously impact health programmes being implemented across the world, including interventions for HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis and the **eradication** of certain infectious diseases. WHO is also involved in ensuring equity of access to life-saving drugs for people across the world, building stronger health systems, detecting and preventing disease **outbreaks**. If Mr. Trump could set his **petulance** aside, it would be clear that global health does not operate in silos, and neither a stern countenance nor physical boundaries can keep pathogens out of one's own geography. If any lessons have been learned at all from the COVID-19 pandemic, it is that **no one is safe until everyone is safe**, and that collaboration among nations, and open sharing of data and technology are essential to tackle pandemics. WHO has **reached out** to the U.S., hoping that it will reconsider its decision and engage once again with it. As fantastic as it may sound, medicine is no stranger to miracles of science, and the health community hopes one more will restore the U.S. Back to WHO's fold.

Summarization:

Donald Trump's decision to withdraw the U.S. From the World Health Organization (WHO) has sparked global concern due to its potential repercussions on global health efforts. The U.S., a founding member and WHO's largest financial contributor (18% of its funding), accused the organization of mishandling COVID-19 and favoring China. This withdrawal threatens crucial health programs worldwide, including those addressing HIV/AIDS, tuberculosis, and disease eradication. The editorial highlights that global health requires collaboration, as pandemics know no borders. WHO has urged the U.S. To reconsider, emphasizing that collective action is vital for tackling health crises.

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Vocabulary:

1. Unleash (Verb) (मुक्त करना)

Meaning: To release or set something free, often causing a strong reaction or series of events.

Synonyms: Release, let loose, trigger.

Antonyms: Restrain, hold back, suppress.

Example: His statement unleashed a wave of protests across the country.

2. Cascading (Adjective) (क्रमिक गिरावट)

Meaning: Describing a process or series of events that occurs in stages, often like a waterfall.

Synonyms: Flowing, successive, sequential.

Antonyms: Disjointed, isolated, stagnant.

Example: The cascading failures in the system caused widespread disruptions.

3. Smacked (Verb) (इशारा देना)

Meaning: To suggest or be reminiscent of something, often negative in tone.

Synonyms: Reeked, hinted, suggested.

Antonyms: Concealed, disguised, covered.

Example: His speech smacked of arrogance and overconfidence.

4. Petulance (Noun) (चिड़चिड़ापन)

Meaning: The quality of being childishly sulky or bad-tempered.

Synonyms: Irritability, crankiness, sulkiness.

Antonyms: Cheerfulness, patience, calmness.

Example: His petulance was evident when he didn't get what he wanted.

5. Partisan (Adjective) (पक्षपाती)

Meaning: Showing biased support for a particular cause, group, or party.

Synonyms: Biased, prejudiced, one-sided.

Antonyms: Neutral, impartial, fair.

Example: The news channel faced criticism for its partisan coverage.

6. Coffers (Noun) (कोष)

Meaning: A treasury or funds, often of an organization or government.

Synonyms: Treasury, funds, reserves.

Antonyms: Debt, deficit, liabilities.

Example: The city council allocated money from its coffers to repair the roads.

7. Relentlessly (Adverb) (निरंतर)

Meaning: In a persistent or unyielding manner, without stopping.

Synonyms: Persistently, tirelessly, unceasingly.

Antonyms: Intermittently, occasionally, sporadically.

Example: He pursued his goals relentlessly, despite all the obstacles.

8. Halt (Verb) (रोकना)

Meaning: To bring to a stop or temporary pause.

Synonyms: Stop, cease, suspend.

Antonyms: Continue, advance, proceed.

Example: The government decided to halt construction due to environmental concerns.

9. Scuppered (Verb) (विफल करना)

Meaning: To prevent or ruin something, often deliberately.

Synonyms: Thwarted, sabotaged, wrecked.

Antonyms: Assisted, supported, facilitated.

Example: The unexpected rain scuppered our plans for an outdoor party.

10. Interventions (Noun) (हस्तक्षेप)

Meaning: Actions taken to improve or address a problem or situation.

Synonyms: Mediation, involvement, interference.

Antonyms: Neglect, inaction, avoidance.

Example: Early interventions can prevent severe health issues in children.

11. Eradication (Noun) (उन्मूलन)

Meaning: The complete removal or destruction of something.

Synonyms: Elimination, extermination, annihilation.

Antonyms: Preservation, continuation, existence.

Example: The eradication of polio is one of the greatest achievements in public health .

Phrasal Verbs from the article :

1. Withdraw from:

Meaning: To remove oneself or something from a place, situation, or organization.

Example: The U.S. Decided to withdraw from the World Health Organization.

2. Set aside:

Meaning: To ignore or forget something, often temporarily.

Example: If Mr. Trump could set his petulance aside, he would see the importance of global health collaboration.

3. Reach out:

Meaning: To attempt to communicate or establish contact with someone.

Example: WHO has reached out to the U.S., hoping it will reconsider its decision.

4. Stop all:

Meaning: To completely halt or discontinue an action or process.

Example: The U.S. Will stop all financial contributions to WHO's work.

5. Carry out:

Meaning: To perform or complete a task or activity.

Example: WHO carries out interventions for diseases like HIV/AIDS and tuberculosis.

Idiomatic Expressions from the article:

1. Butterfly effect:

Meaning: A small action or change that causes a chain reaction of significant and often unpredictable consequences

Example: The withdrawal may unleash the butterfly effect, leading to cascading consequences for global health.

2. Ripped us off:

Meaning: To cheat or take advantage of someone unfairly.

Example: Mr. Trump claimed, "The World Health [Organization] ripped us off."

3. No one is safe until everyone is safe :

Meaning: A reminder that problems, especially global ones, require collective action for effective resolution.

Example: If any lessons have been learned, it is that no one is safe until everyone is safe.

4. Smacks of:

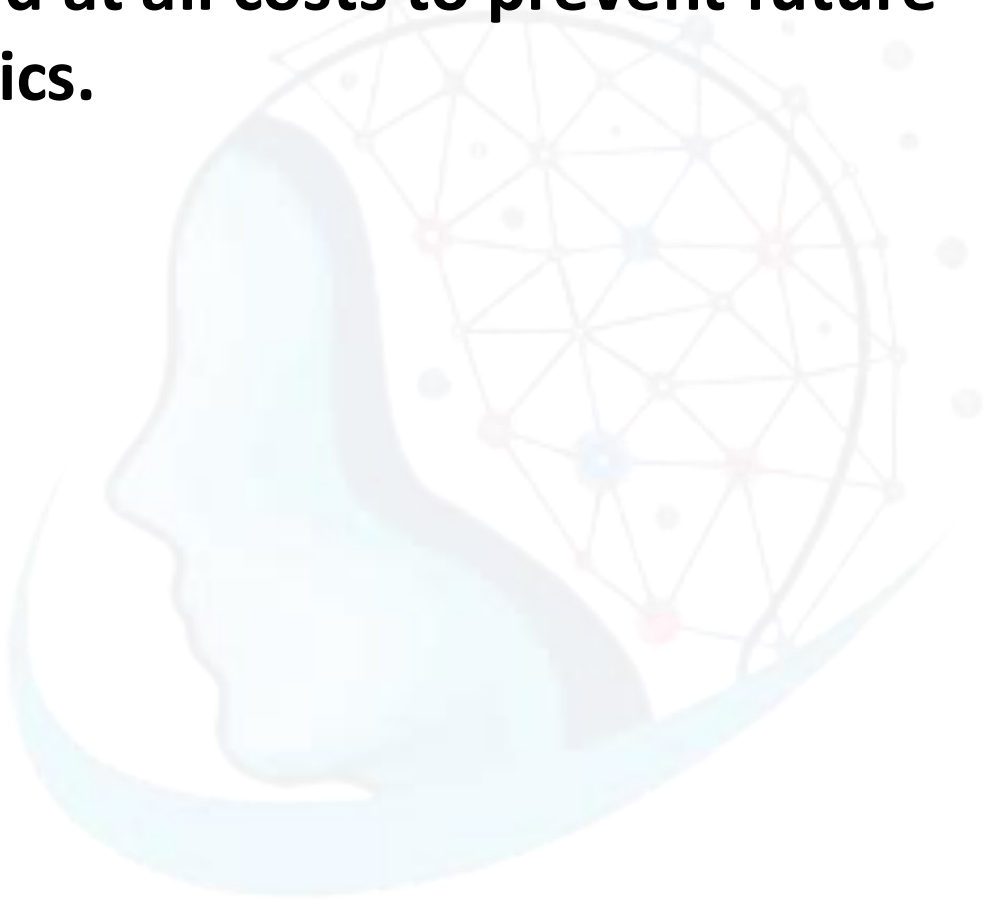
Meaning: To show or suggest a particular quality, often negative.

Example: His language smacked of petulance and bias against WHO.

5. At all cost:

Meaning: No matter the effort or sacrifice required.

Example: Global health programs must be protected at all costs to prevent future pandemics.



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